

# The EveryDollar Guide to BUDGETING





# **Contents**

INTRODUCTION	3
HOW TO BUILD YOUR BUDGET	4
THE BABY STEPS	7
GIVING	S
SAVING	1C
TACKLING DEBT	12
TEAMWORK	13
CONCLUSION	15



## Introduction

Budgeting is often misunderstood and overcomplicated. We want it to be simple! That's why we created the EveryDollar Guide to Budgeting. Over the next several pages, we'll introduce you to a proven plan that's helped millions of people take control of their money—and their lives. We know it will work for you too!

After learning the keys to successful budgeting, you'll have a deeper understanding of what it means to make a plan for your money that fits your life. Then you'll be ready to create your first online budget at **EveryDollar.com**. It's free, and it only takes ten minutes.



## **How to Build Your Budget**

#### 1. BUDGET BEFORE THE MONTH BEGINS

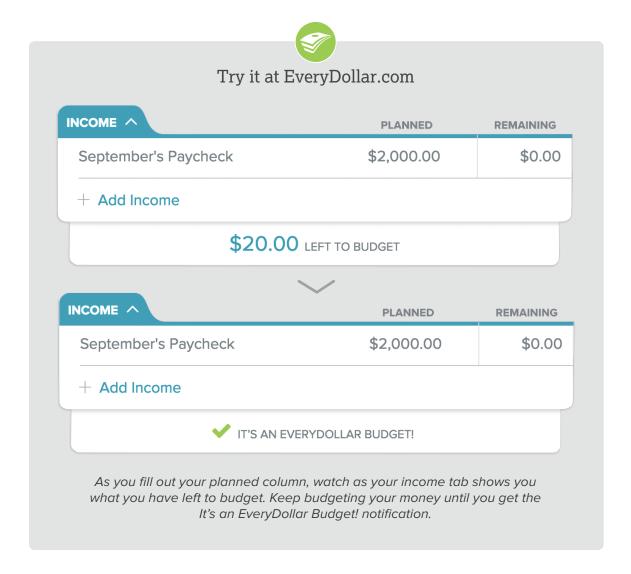
Start with your income. Whether you get paid a regular salary or an irregular commission, you need to look at the month ahead and figure out what you have to work with. This includes anything you earn money from, like paychecks, side jobs, child support, or alimony.

Next, identify your regular monthly expenses. Start by covering the Essentials, which are food, clothing, transportation, shelter, and utilities. When you know you can keep your lights on, feed your family, and drive to work, you can focus on the other important expenses like savings, health insurance, and debt repayments.

Finally, after everything you *need* to pay for the month has been accounted for, it's time to consider fun stuff like entertainment and eating at restaurants. Being on a budget doesn't mean you don't get to have any fun. You just have to account for other goals and priorities too!

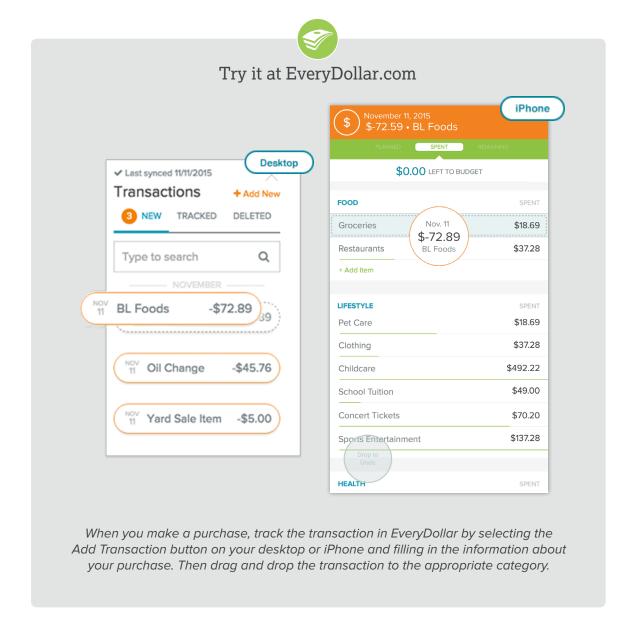
#### 2. BUDGET TO ZERO

Now that you've accounted for all of your income and expenses, you should have zero dollars left to spend. If you don't, adjust your budget until you do. This is your number-one goal when allocating your income each month. By giving every dollar a name, you're ensuring that every dollar is accounted for and working hard. That's EveryDollar budgeting!



#### 3. TRACK YOUR TRANSACTIONS

Now that you've built your basic budget, it's time to follow through. While you're out and about buying groceries or eating at restaurants, be sure to track your transactions. When you keep up with your spending, your budget keeps up with your life.



#### YOU CAN DO THIS!

As you budget each month, remember that no two months are exactly the same. It's okay to use last month's budget as a template, but be sure to tweak for any new expenses on the horizon. At the end of the day, this is your budget. Make it awesome by budgeting early, planning to zero, and tracking your spending. You'll be a pro at this in no time!



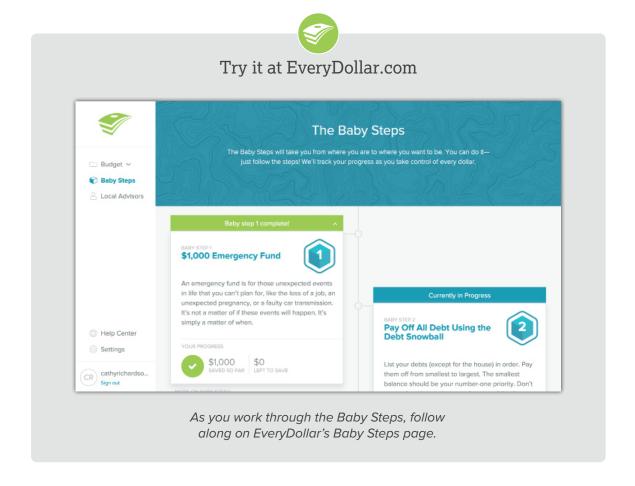
# The Baby Steps

We love budgeting. But a budget without a road map isn't going to help you accomplish your money goals. That's where **the Baby Steps** come in. The Baby Steps are a proven seven-step plan that have already helped millions of people reach their goals by providing clear milestones along the way.

Check out the seven steps below to see where you are. Customize your budget based on the Baby Step you're on.

Step 1	\$1,000 starter emergency fund in the bank
Step 2	Pay off all debts smallest to largest with the debt snowball
Step 3	Fully funded emergency fund of three to six months of expenses
Step 4	Invest 15% of pretax income into retirement savings
Step 5	Invest for kids' college savings
Step 6	Pay off the house
Step 7	Build wealth and give!

The Baby Steps are in that particular order for a reason. It doesn't help if you jump around or try to finish three steps at once. Take them one at a time, and be patient with yourself. By the time you reach the last Baby Step, a huge chunk of your budget will be freed up to give to your church, family, or favorite charity.





## Giving

We recommend giving **10% of your income** away—no matter what Baby Step you're on. So whether you're paying off debt, saving for a house, or investing for retirement, keep this habit in your budget. Giving is important because it puts your priorities in focus. When you share your income, you appreciate it more. Plus, it just makes you feel good! Academic studies show that people who give to others are happier and less stressed. They even live longer!

If the 10% figure is a stretch for you, don't be discouraged. Start with an amount that's doable for you, then try to up that percentage each year as you're able. And if you want to give more than 10%, go for it!

We want you to get in the habit of giving off the top of your budget—before you do anything else. That way, you're less inclined to spend all your disposable cash elsewhere. When you make giving a priority in your budget, you're better off both mentally and emotionally.



## Saving

A key part of your budget each month is your savings. You must pay yourself before you send all your money right back out the door. You work too hard to have nothing to show for it! That's why the first thing you need to save for is your emergency fund. Then you can save for other things, like car replacements, retirement, or vacations. When you secure your family's financial safety net, you won't need credit cards and loans in a time of crisis.

#### YOU NEED AN EMERGENCY FUND

After you've covered the Essentials (food, shelter, utilities, clothing, and transportation), you can begin saving your \$1,000 starter emergency fund. This money will help manage unexpected events like hospital visits or water heater malfunctions. You start with \$1,000 because that amount should cover any pop-up emergencies that would otherwise derail your budget. After you're out of debt, you'll want to beef up your emergency fund to three to six months of expenses. This will be extra protection in the event of a job loss or major medical event.

#### **BUILDING A SAVINGS FUND**

A fund is simply a place where you're setting aside money for a future expense. The idea is to save up until you can completely afford whatever you're saving for so you're not using credit for purchases. For example, let's say it's February and you plan to spend \$800 on

Christmas. You have about ten months to save, so if you put aside \$80 each month, that's your Christmas fund!

It's your choice where you put the actual money as you build a fund. It can be a simple savings account at your bank or cash in a cookie jar. The important thing is to make sure you mentally separate it from your other money so it doesn't get spent on something else. As you make your budget, look a few months out and see what expenses are coming that need a fund, then build those into your monthly budget so they don't sneak up on you.

#### SAVING FOR RETIREMENT

If you want to spend your retirement in comfort, you've got to commit to saving now. Of course, you don't want to overextend your budget in the process. That's why we suggest **investing 15% of your income into good growth stock mutual funds**. It's the perfect balance between what you'll need tomorrow and what you can afford today. If you can't invest 15% right now, that's okay. Thanks to the power of compound interest, a little can go a long way! The sooner you can budget for your future, the better off your future will be.



## **Tackling Debt**

#### THE DEBT SNOWBALL

You can save for what you want a lot faster if you get your debt out of the picture first. Do this after you put your \$1,000 starter emergency fund in place. We want you to get rid of your debt as quickly as possible because debt holds you back and slows you down from reaching your goals. It's like wearing ankle weights during a race. Here's how the debt snowball works:

First of all, list your debts smallest to largest by amount owed except your mortgage (you can focus on that after your retirement is fully ramped up):

\$500 Medical bill

**\$2,500** Credit card debt

**\$7,000** Car loan

\$10,000 Student loan

Don't worry about interest rates when making your list. Just focus on the actual debt. Now it's time to get rolling. **Pay minimum payments** on all debts except the smallest. Attack the smallest debt until it's paid off. Once it's gone, take the money you were putting toward that smallest debt plus any extra money you find, and attack the next smallest debt on the list. Your snowball is gaining momentum. After that, take the combined payment and knock out the next one until they are all gone and you are debt-free!



### **Teamwork**

The process of creating a budget will be different depending on your stage of life. If you're married, take time for a team meeting with your spouse. If you're single, you can decide on your own how to make your budget, but an accountability partner can help you stick to it. A fresh set of eyes will help you to avoid overspending and keep you moving toward your goals.

#### THE TEAM MEETING

Your team meeting is a designated time (before the month begins!) to offer your input and listen to your spouse. Just about every marriage has a Nerd and a Free Spirit. The Nerd likes all the numbers to line up and prefers everything neat and orderly. The Free Spirit is more laid back. They aren't necessarily careless—they just don't live for crunching numbers. Even if you and your spouse have different personalities, you can still work together to make a great budget you can both agree on. Here are some tips for your team meetings.

#### Start by setting some big goals.

Before your team meeting, think about what money goals you want to achieve in the next six months, in the next year, and further down the road. Write them down and share them with each other. Do you want to build a home? Send the kids to private school? Retire at age fifty-five? Having these goals in mind will help you create a great budget.

#### Let the Nerd take the lead.

If the Nerd likes to create the budget, let them. But they must come to the team meeting expecting the Free Spirit to give their input as well. The Free Spirit should offer helpful suggestions—they're not allowed to just say, "Whatever you want to do, honey." When you work together, you both win.

#### Be patient as you learn how to budget.

Don't get discouraged if the budget takes a little time to master. The first month, your numbers may be off since you are new to the process. The second month, your budget may still be off, but it should look better than last. By the third or fourth month, you'll have it down pat. Be patient with each other as you move through this learning curve. The results are worth it!

#### Stick to the plan.

This is where discipline comes in. When your budget is set, don't break it by splurging on something you and your spouse haven't agreed on. If you need to change a budget item, have a quick meeting to discuss it, then move forward. But don't go behind each other's backs. Budgeting is a team effort, and it takes lots of communication. Talk early and often.



## **Budgeting Wrap-Up**

Now that you've learned the keys to budgeting, it's time to get started with a solid budget of your own. If you get overwhelmed at any point during the process, use this guide to help you move forward. Remember, learning any new skill takes time, and budgeting is no exception. So give yourself (and your spouse!) lots of grace as you figure it out. When you take control of your money and track your expenses, you gain so much more than money. You gain peace of mind. And isn't that what we're all really after? Make it happen with a budget that works!

